# **UETF**

**> United SSE 50 China ETF** 

# **Annual Report**

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022



#### MANAGER

UOB Asset Management Ltd Registered Address: 80 Raffles Place UOB Plaza

Singapore 048624

Company Registration No.: 198600120Z

Tel: 1800 22 22 228

# **DIRECTORS OF UOB ASSET MANAGEMENT LTD**

Lee Wai Fai
Peh Kian Heng
Thio Boon Kiat
Lam Sai Yoke (Appointed 1 February 2022)
Edmund Leong Kok Mun (Appointed 1 February 2022)
Eric Tham Kah Jin (Resigned 31 January 2022)

#### **TRUSTEE**

State Street Trust (SG) Limited 168 Robinson Road #33-01, Capital Tower Singapore 068912

#### CUSTODIAN / ADMINISTRATOR / REGISTRAR

State Street Bank and Trust Company, acting through its Singapore Branch 168 Robinson Road #33-01, Capital Tower Singapore 068912

#### **AUDITOR**

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP 7 Straits View, Marina One East Tower, Level 12 Singapore 018936

#### United SSE 50 China ETF

# A) Fund Performance

Fund Performance/ Benchmark Returns	3 mth % Growth	6 mth % Growth	1 yr % Growth	3 yr Ann Comp Ret	5 yr Ann Comp Ret	10 yr Ann Comp Ret	Since Inception 12 November 2009 Ann Comp Ret
United SSE 50 China ETF	3.48	-7.80	-11.70	4.16	3.51	5.00	0.63
Benchmark	4.11	-7.04	-10.62	5.80	6.98	9.35	4.35

Source: Morningstar.

Note: The performance returns of the Fund are in Singapore Dollar based on a NAV-to-NAV basis with dividends and distributions reinvested, if any.

The benchmark of the Fund: SSE 50 Index.

For the twelve months ending 30 June 2022, the net asset value (NAV) of the Fund **fell 11.70%** in Singapore Dollar (SGD) terms compared to the -10.62% fall for the benchmark SSE 50 Index over the same period.

As at 30 June 2022, the Fund had the following sector allocation: **Financials** (29.03%), **Consumer Staples** (25.07%), **Information Technology** (9.63%), **Materials** (8.69%), **Health Care** (7.02%), **Consumer Discretionary** (6.02%), **Industrials** (4.90%), **Utilities** (4.11%) and others (5.53%).

#### **Economic and Market Review**

Markets were volatile and were dominated by monetary policies of major central banks around the world and a myriad of headwinds. Fears of stagflation, the outburst of Omicron in **China** and economic risks from a property slowdown in **China** weighed on investor sentiment. In February, Asia markets tumbled alongside a global selloff as escalating Russia-Ukraine tensions added to existing concerns over **US** Fed's rate lift off in March. UST bond yields spiked as investors grappled with the **US** Fed's hawkish signalling which led to parts of the **US** yield curve inverting. Despite this, Asia markets outperformed as strength in ASEAN partly offset **China**'s renewed COVID woes.

In the second quarter, markets extended its decline as hawkish policy actions from most central banks fuelled worries of a possible recession. The **US** Fed delivered a 50-bps hike in May followed by a higher 75 bps in June. Asia was a relative safe haven and continued to outperform amid EU's energy crisis. Investors took comfort from **China**'s PBoC monetary easing as well as the State Council's pledge for further fiscal policy support to rejuvenate growth. The gradual relaxation restrictions in major cities in **China** also provided a sentiment boost. **China**'s June PMI turned expansionary at 50.2 after falling below 50 during Q2. Most economic indicators are pointing to a firm recovery for Q3.

China A shares market as measured by SSE50 Index was down 10.56% (in CNY terms) for the period under review, outperformed most equity market indices. For six months to end 30 June 2022, SSE50 Index declined 5.4% in CNY terms.

#### United SSE 50 China ETF

(Constituted under a Trust Deed in the Republic of Singapore)

#### A) Fund Performance (continued)

As of 13 December 2021, five constituents changed during the index review and rebalancing for the SSE50 Index. China Everbright Bank Co Ltd (Financials), China Minsheng Banking Corp Ltd (Financials), Sanan Optoelectronics Co Ltd (Information Technology), Shanghai International Airport Co Ltd (Industrials) and Zhongtai Securities Co Ltd (Financials) were removed from the index and replaced by China Telecom Corporation Ltd (Communication Services), China Yangtze Power Co Ltd (Utilities), Cosco Shipping Holdings Co Ltd (Industrials), Great Wall Motor Co Ltd (Consumer Discretionary) and Zhangzhou Pientzehuang Pharmaceutical Co Ltd (Health Care).

As of 13 June 2022, five constituents changed during the index review and rebalancing for the SSE 50 Index. Shanghai Pudong Development Bank Co Ltd (Financials), China United Network Communications Co Ltd (Communication Services), Shandong Gold-Mining Co Ltd (Materials), Foxconn Industrial Internet Co Ltd (Information Technology) and New China Life Insurance Co Ltd (Financials) were removed from the index and replaced by Inner Mongolia Baotou Steel Union Co Ltd (Materials), China Northern Rare Earth (Group) High-Tech Co Ltd (Materials), Hengli Petrochemical Co Ltd (Materials), China Three Gorges Renewables (Group) Co Ltd (Utilities) and Zhejiang Huayou Cobalt Co Ltd (Materials).

# **Outlook and Fund Strategy**

We are optimistic about the fundamentals and prospects of the Chinese markets and 'A' shares. We turned more positive as valuation of **China** equities market may have bottomed after earnings downgrade. Recent increase in macro policy support and targeted fiscal measures should help drive an earnings turnaround in 2H 2022.

Key downside risks to our more constructive stance on **China** markets include rise of the COVID-19 Omicron variant impeding the pace of economic reopening domestically due to the zero-COVID policy; and the troubled **China Real Estate** market which may require more time to turn around. A drastic global growth slowdown also represents downside risks to our view.

# B) Investments at fair value and as a percentage of net asset value ("NAV") as at 30 June 2022 under review classified by

# i) Country

	Fair Value (S\$)	% of NAV
China	25,620,585	99.18
Portfolio of investments	25,620,585	99.18
Other net assets/(liabilities)	211,273	0.82
Total	25,831,858	100.00

# ii) Industry

	Fair Value (S\$)	% of NAV
Communication Services	67,774	0.26
Consumer Discretionary	1,555,935	6.02
Consumer Staples	6,476,653	25.07
Energy	728,662	2.82
Financials	7,499,724	29.03
Health Care	1,814,187	7.02
Industrials	1,264,270	4.90
Information Technology	2,488,421	9.63
Materials	2,245,178	8.69
Real Estate	419,607	1.63
Utilities	1,060,174	4.11
Portfolio of investments	25,620,585	99.18
Other net assets/(liabilities)	211,273	0.82
Total	25,831,858	100.00

# iii) Asset Class

	Fair Value (S\$)	% of NAV	
Quoted equities	25,620,585	99.18	
Other net assets/(liabilities)	211,273	0.82	
Total	25,831,858	100.00	

# **United SSE 50 China ETF**

(Constituted under a Trust Deed in the Republic of Singapore)

# B) Investments at fair value and as a percentage of net asset value ("NAV") as at 30 June 2022 under review classified by (continued)

# iv) Credit rating of quoted bonds

N/A

# C) Top Ten Holdings

10 largest holdings as at 30 June 2022

	Fair Value (S\$)	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders %
KWEICHOW MOUTAI CO LTD	4,315,189	16.70
CHINA MERCHANTS BANK CO LTD	1,748,478	6.77
PING AN INSURANCE GROUP CO OF CHINA LTD	1,692,820	6.55
LONGI GREEN ENERGY TECHNOLOGY CO LTD	1,351,616	5.23
INDUSTRIAL BANK CO LTD	968,490	3.75
CHINA YANGTZE POWER CO LTD	879,588	3.41
CHINA TOURISM GROUP DUTY FREE CORP LTD	765,108	2.96
WUXI APPTEC CO LTD	714,286	2.76
CITIC SECURITIES CO LTD	707,687	2.74
INNER MONGOLIA YILI INDUSTRIAL GROUP CO LTD	668,039	2.59

# C) Top Ten Holdings (continued)

10 largest holdings as at 30 June 2021

	Fair Value (S\$)	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders %
KWEICHOW MOUTAI CO LTD	4,513,956	15.85
PING AN INSURANCE GROUP CO OF CHINA LTD	2,428,430	8.53
CHINA MERCHANTS BANK CO LTD	2,333,584	8.19
LONGI GREEN ENERGY TECHNOLOGY CO LTD	1,333,272	4.68
JIANGSU HENGRUI MEDICINE CO LTD	1,054,566	3.70
INDUSTRIAL BANK CO LTD	1,038,421	3.65
CHINA TOURISM GROUP DUTY FREE CORP LTD	1,023,867	3.59
WUXI APPTEC CO LTD	975,326	3.43
INNER MONGOLIA YILI INDUSTRIAL GROUP CO LTD	777,681	2.73
CITIC SECURITIES CO LTD	742,455	2.61

# D) Exposure to derivatives

The global exposure relating to derivative instruments is calculated using the commitment approach:

- (i) the absolute value of the exposure of each individual financial derivative not involved in netting or hedging arrangements;
- (ii) the absolute value of the net exposure of each individual financial derivative after netting or hedging arrangements; and
- (iii) the sum of the values of cash collateral received under certain cases.
- i) Fair value of derivative contracts and as a percentage of NAV as at 30 June 2022

	Contract or underlying principal amount \$	Positive fair value \$	% of NAV	Negative fair value \$	% of NAV
Foreign currency contracts	56,870	-	-	85	_*

<sup>\*</sup> denotes amount less than 0.01%

# United SSE 50 China ETF

(Constituted under a Trust Deed in the Republic of Singapore)

D)	Exposure to derivatives	(continued)	)
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- There was a net realised loss of SGD 2,439 on derivative contracts during the financial year ended 30 June 2022.
- iii) There was a net unrealised loss of SGD 85 on outstanding derivative contracts marked to market as at 30 June 2022
- E) Amount and percentage of NAV invested in other schemes as at 30 June 2022

N/A

F) Amount and percentage of borrowings to NAV as at 30 June 2022

N/A

G) Amount of redemptions and subscriptions for the financial year ended 30 June 2022

Total amount of redemptions SGD Total amount of subscriptions SGD 824.500

H) The amount and terms of related-party transactions for the financial year ended 30 June 2022

Please refer to Note 9 of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

I) Expense ratios

Please refer to Note 10 of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

J) Turnover ratios

Please refer to Note 10 of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

 K) Any material information that will adversely impact the valuation of the scheme such as contingent liabilities of open contracts

N/A

### United SSE 50 China ETF

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- L) For schemes which invest more than 30% of their deposited property in another scheme, the following key information on the second-mentioned scheme ("the underlying scheme")<sup>1</sup> should be disclosed as well
- i) Top 10 holdings at fair value and as percentage of NAV as at 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021

N/A

ii) Expense ratios for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021

N/A

iii) Turnover ratios for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021

N/A

Where the underlying scheme is managed by a foreign manager which belongs to the same group of companies as, or has a formal arrangement or investment agreement with, the Singapore manager, the above information should be disclosed on the underlying scheme. In other cases, such information on the underlying scheme should be disclosed only if it is readily available to the Singapore manager.

# M) Soft dollar commissions/arrangements

UOB Asset Management has entered into soft dollars arrangements with selected brokers from whom products and services are received from third parties. The products and services relate essentially to computer hardware and software to the extent that they are used to support the investment decision making process, research and advisory services, economic and political analyses, portfolio analyses including performance measurements, market analyses, data and quotation services, all of which are believed to be helpful in the overall discharge of UOB Asset Management's duties to clients. As such services generally benefit all of UOB Asset Management's clients in terms of input into the investment decision making process, the soft credits utilised are not allocated on a specific client basis. The Manager confirms that trades were executed on a best execution basis and there was no churning of trades.

N) Where the scheme offers pre-determined payouts, an explanation on the calculation of the actual payouts received by participants and any significant deviation from the pre-determined payouts

N/A

#### **UETF**

(Constituted under a Trust Deed in the Republic of Singapore)

#### REPORT OF THE TRUSTEE

The Trustee is under a duty to take into custody and hold the assets of the sub-fund of UETF, namely United SSE 50 China ETF (the "Sub-Fund") in trust for the unitholders. In accordance with the Securities and Futures Act 2001, its subsidiary legislation and the Code on Collective Investment Schemes, the Trustee shall monitor the activities of the Manager for compliance with the limitations imposed on the investment and borrowing powers as set out in the Trust Deed in each annual accounting year and report thereon to unitholders in an annual report.

To the best knowledge of the Trustee, the Manager has, in all material respects, managed the Sub-Fund during the financial year covered by these financial statements, set out on pages 15 to 42, in accordance with the limitations imposed on the investment and borrowing powers set out in the Trust Deed.

For and on behalf of the Trustee STATE STREET TRUST (SG) LIMITED

Authorised signatory 23 September 2022

#### **UETF**

(Constituted under a Trust Deed in the Republic of Singapore)

#### STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER

In the opinion of UOB Asset Management Ltd, the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 15 to 42, comprising the Statement of Total Return, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Movements of Unitholders' Funds, Statement of Portfolio and Notes to the Financial Statements are drawn up so as to present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position and portfolio holdings of the sub-fund of UETF, namely United SSE 50 China ETF (the "Sub-Fund") as at 30 June 2022, and the financial performance and movements of unitholders' funds for the year then ended in accordance with the recommendations of Statement of Recommended Accounting Practice 7 "Reporting Framework for Investment Funds" issued by the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants. At the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Sub-Fund will be able to meet its financial obligations as and when they materialise.

For and on behalf of the Manager UOB ASSET MANAGEMENT LTD

THIO BOON KIAT Authorised signatory 23 September 2022

# **Our Opinion**

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements of the sub-fund of UETF, namely United SSE 50 China ETF (the "Sub-Fund"), are properly drawn up in accordance with the recommendations of Statement of Recommended Accounting Practice 7 "Reporting Framework for Investment Funds" issued by the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants, so as to present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position and portfolio holdings of the Sub-Fund as at 30 June 2022, and the financial performance and movements of unitholders' funds for the financial year ended on that date.

#### What we have audited

The financial statements of the Sub-Fund comprise:

- the Statement of Total Return for the financial year ended 30 June 2022;
- the Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2022;
- the Statement of Movements of Unitholders' Funds for the financial year ended 30 June 2022;
- the Statement of Portfolio as at 30 June 2022; and
- the Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing ("SSAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the *Financial Statements* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Independence

We are independent of the Sub-Fund in accordance with the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics for Public Accountants and Accounting Entities ("ACRA Code") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Singapore, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ACRA Code.

# Our Audit Approach

As part of designing our audit, we determined materiality and assessed the risks of material misstatement in the accompanying financial statements. In particular we considered where the Sub-Fund's manager (the "Manager") made subjective judgements; for example, in respect of significant accounting estimates that involved making assumptions and considering future events that are inherently uncertain. As in all of our audits, we also addressed the risk of management override of internal controls, including among other matters consideration of whether there was evidence of bias that represented a risk of material misstatement due to fraud.

# Key audit matters

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

#### Other Information

The Manager is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all sections of the annual report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibilities of the Manager for the Financial Statements

The Manager is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the recommendations of Statement of Recommended Accounting Practice 7 "Reporting Framework for Investment Funds" issued by the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants and for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Sub-Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to terminate the Sub-Fund or to cease the Sub-Fund's operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Manager's responsibilities include overseeing the Sub-Fund's financial reporting process.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
  evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
  detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
  as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
  of internal control
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the Sub-Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Sub-Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Sub-Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
  disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and
  events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Manager with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Manager, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Ong King Howe.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants

Singapore, 23 September 2022

# STATEMENT OF TOTAL RETURN

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

		United SSE 50 China E <sup>-</sup> 2022 2021		
	Note	\$	\$	
Income				
Dividends		586,676	652,118	
Interest		6	-	
Other income		90		
Total		586,772	652,118	
Less: Expenses				
Management fee	9	118,587	124,776	
Trustee fee	9	9,156	9,515	
Audit fee		25,520	24,599	
Custody fee	9	21,224	32,776	
Transaction costs		10,950	27,468	
Other expenses		120,663	68,500	
Total		306,100	287,634	
Net income/(losses)		280,672	364,484	
Net gains/(losses) on value of investments and financial derivatives				
Net gains/(losses) on investments		(3,694,461)	5,807,772	
Net gains/(losses) on financial derivatives		(2,524)	(2,019)	
Net foreign exchange gains/(losses)		2,899	(2,821)	
		(3,694,086)	5,802,932	
Total return/(deficit) for the financial year before income				
tax		(3,413,414)	6,167,416	
Less: Income tax	3	(58,877)	(65,542)	
Total return/(deficit) for the financial year		(3,472,291)	6,101,874	

# **UETF** (Constituted under a Trust Deed in the Republic of Singapore)

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 30 June 2022

		United SSE 50 China ETF		
		2022	2021	
	Note	\$	\$	
Assets				
Portfolio of investments		25,620,585	28,384,245	
Receivables	4	7,450	28,347	
Cash and bank balances		275,648	403,921	
Margin accounts		<u>-</u>	40,542	
Total assets		25,903,683	28,857,055	
Liabilities				
Payables	5	71,740	377,398	
Financial derivatives at fair value	6	85	8	
Total liabilities		71,825	377,406	
Equity				
Net assets attributable to unitholders	7	25,831,858	28,479,649	

# STATEMENT OF MOVEMENTS OF UNITHOLDERS' FUNDS

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

	Note	United SSE 50 2022 \$	2021 \$
Net assets attributable to unitholders at the beginning of the financial year		28,479,649	23,937,275
Operations			
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders resulting from operations		(3,472,291)	6,101,874
Unitholders' contributions/(withdrawals) Creation of units Cancellation of units		824,500 	1,220,900 (2,780,400)
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders resulting from net creation and cancellation of units		824,500	(1,559,500)
Total increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders		(2,647,791)	4,542,374
Net assets attributable to unitholders at the end of the financial year	7	25,831,858	28,479,649

As at 30 June 2022

# United SSE 50 China ETF

Percentage of

	Holdings at 30 June 2022	Fair value at 30 June 2022 \$	total net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2022 %
By Industry - Primary Quoted equities			
COMMUNICATION SERVICES CHINA TELECOM CORP LTD	87,400	67,774	0.26
CONSUMER DISCRETIONARY CHINA TOURISM GROUP DUTY FREE			
CORP LTD	15,800	765,108	2.96
GREAT WALL MOTOR CO LTD	20,000	154,007	0.60
HAIER SMART HOME CO LTD	62,000	353,943	1.37
SAIC MOTOR CORP LTD	76,400	282,877	1.09
TOTAL CONSUMER DISCRETIONARY		1,555,935	6.02
CONSUMER STAPLES			
FOSHAN HAITIAN FLAVOURING & FOOD			
CO LTD	22,430	421,353	1.63
INNER MONGOLIA YILI INDUSTRIAL	00.500	000 000	0.50
GROUP CO LTD	82,500	668,039	2.59
KWEICHOW MOUTAI CO LTD SHANXI XINGHUACUN FEN WINE	10,150	4,315,189	16.70
FACTORY CO LTD	7,860	530,737	2.05
TONGWEI CO LTD	43,500	541,335	2.10
TONOWER GO ETD	40,000	041,000	2.10
TOTAL CONSUMER STAPLES		6,476,653	25.07
ENERGY			
CHINA PETROLEUM & CHEMICAL CORP	219,000	185,757	0.72
CHINA SHENHUA ENERGY CO LTD	53,100	367,603	1.42

As at 30 June 2022

	Holdings at 30 June 2022	Fair value at 30 June 2022 \$	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2022 %
By Industry - Primary (continued) Quoted equities			
ENERGY (continued)			
PETROCHINA CO LTD	159,100	175,302	0.68
TOTAL ENERGY		728,662	2.82
FINANCIALS			
AGRICULTURAL BANK OF CHINA LTD	513,800	322,583	1.25
CHINA INTERNATIONAL CAPTAL CORP	•	,	
LTD	9,400	86,942	0.34
CHINA LIFE INSURANCE CO LTD	27,300	176,394	0.68
CHINA MERCHANTS BANK CO LTD	199,300	1,748,478	6.77
CHINA PACIFIC INSURANCE GROUP	56,100	274,426	1.06
CITIC SECURITIES CO LTD	157,160	707,687	2.74
CSC FINANCIAL CO LTD	21,200	127,416	0.49
GUOTAI JUNAN SECURITIES CO LTD	73,800	233,206	0.90
HAITONG SECURITIES CO LTD	158,000	322,230	1.25
HUATAI SECURITIES CO LTD	94,700	279,562	1.08
INDUSTRIAL & COMMERCIAL BANK OF			
CHINA LTD	564,200	559,490	2.17
INDUSTRIAL BANK CO LTD	234,100	968,490	3.75
PING AN INSURANCE GROUP CO OF	174 100	4 000 000	0.55
CHINA LTD	174,400	1,692,820	6.55
TOTAL FINANCIALS		7,499,724	29.03
HEALTH CARE			
JIANGSU HENGRUI MEDICINE CO LTD	71,980	555,021	2.15

As at 30 June 2022

	Holdings at 30 June 2022	Fair value at 30 June 2022 \$	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2022 %
By Industry - Primary (continued) Quoted equities			
HEALTH CARE (continued)			
SHANGHAI FOSUN PHARMACEUTICAL			
GROUP CO LTD	19,800	181,487	0.70
WUXI APPTEC CO LTD	33,040	714,286	2.76
ZHANGZHOU PIENTZEHUANG PHARMACEUTICAL LTD	4,900	363,393	1.41
TOTAL HEALTH CARE		1,814,187	7.02
INDUSTRIALS			
AECC AVIATION POWER CO LTD	21,800	206,255	0.80
CHINA STATE CONSTRUCTION			
ENGINEERING CORP LTD	337,600	373,383	1.45
COSCO SHIPPING HOLDINGS CO LTD	103,500	299,086	1.16
SANY HEAVY INDUSTRY CO LTD	97,300	385,546	1.49
TOTAL INDUSTRIALS		1,264,270	4.90
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY			
GIGADEVICE SEMICONDUCTOR BEIJING			
INC	10,717	316,843	1.23
HUNDSUN TECHNOLOGIES INC	19,199	173,783	0.67
LONGI GREEN ENERGY TECHNOLOGY CO			
LTD	97,576	1,351,616	5.23
WILL SEMICONDUCTOR CO LTD	8,600	309,357	1.20
WINGTECH TECHNOLOGY CO LTD	12,200	215,864	0.83

As at 30 June 2022

	Holdings at 30 June 2022	Fair value at 30 June 2022 \$	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2022 %
By Industry - Primary (continued) Quoted equities			
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (continued) YONYOU NETWORK TECHNOLOGY CO LTD	26,800	120,958	0.47
TOTAL INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY		2,488,421	9.63
MATERIALS			
ANHUI CONCH CEMENT CO LTD	39,300	288,245	1.12
CHINA NORTHERN RARE EARTH GROUP HIGH-TECH CO LTD	35,000	255,834	0.99
HENGLI PETROCHEMICAL CO LTD	33,900	156,738	0.61
INNER MONGOLIA BAOTOU STEEL UNION		4=0.400	
CO LTD	366,600	179,102	0.69
WANHUA CHEMICAL GROUP CO LTD	25,300	510,138	1.97
ZHEJIANG HUAYOU COBALT CO LTD	20,370	404,930	1.57
ZIJIN MINING GROUP CO LTD	232,100	450,191	1.74
TOTAL MATERIALS		2,245,178	8.69
REAL ESTATE			
POLY DEVELOPMENTS AND HOLDINGS GROUP CO LTD	115,600	419,607	1.63
UTILITIES			
CHINA THREE GORGES RENEWABLES GROUP CO LTD	138,100	180,586	0.70

# (Constituted under a Trust Deed in the Republic of Singapore)

# STATEMENT OF PORTFOLIO

As at 30 June 2022

	Holdings at 30 June 2022	Fair value at 30 June 2022 \$	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2022 %
By Industry - Primary (continued) Quoted equities			
UTILITIES (continued) CHINA YANGTZE POWER CO LTD	183,000	879,588	3.41
TOTAL UTILITIES		1,060,174	4.11
Total Equities		25,620,585	99.18
Portfolio of investments Other net assets/(liabilities)		25,620,585 211,273	99.18 
Net assets attributable to unitholders		25,831,858	100.00

As at 30 June 2022

	United SSE 50 China ETF		
	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2022 %	Percentage of total net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2021 %	
By Industry - Primary (Summary)			
Quoted equities			
Communication Services	0.26	0.98	
Consumer Discretionary	6.02	0.96 5.74	
•	25.07	23.94	
Consumer Staples	25.07	23.94	
Energy			
Financials	29.03	35.90	
Health Care	7.02	8.19	
Industrials	4.90	4.56	
Information Technology	9.63	11.81	
Materials	8.69	5.37	
Real Estate	1.63	1.05	
Utilities	4.11		
Portfolio of investments	99.18	99.67	
Other net assets/(liabilities)	0.82	0.33	
Net assets attributable to unitholders	100.00	100.00	

# By Geography - Secondary Quoted equities

The Sub-Fund invests wholly in China as at 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021.

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

#### 1 General

UETF is a Singapore-registered umbrella fund, which offers one sub-fund, United SSE 50 China ETF (the "Sub-Fund"). The Sub-Fund is constituted under a Trust Deed in Singapore between UOB Asset Management Ltd (the "Manager") and State Street Trust (SG) Limited (the "Trustee"). The Trust Deed is governed by the laws of the Republic of Singapore.

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to provide investment results that, before fees, costs and expenses (including any taxes and withholding taxes), closely correspond to the performance of the SSE 50.

Subscriptions and redemptions of the units are denominated in the Singapore Dollar.

# 2 Significant accounting policies

# (a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified by the revaluation of financial instruments at fair value, and in accordance with the recommendations of Statement of Recommended Accounting Practice 7 "Reporting Framework for Investment Funds" ("RAP7") issued by the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants.

# (b) Recognition of income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established. Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis using the effective interest method.

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

### 2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (c) Investments

Investments are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

# (i) Initial recognition

Purchases of investments are recognised on the trade date. Investments are recorded at fair value on initial recognition.

### (ii) Subsequent measurement

Investments are subsequently carried at fair value. Net changes in fair value on investments are included in the Statement of Total Return in the year in which they arise.

# (iii) Derecognition

Investments are derecognised on the trade date of disposal. The resultant realised gains and losses on the sale of investments are computed on the basis of the difference between the weighted average cost and selling price gross of transaction costs, and are taken up in the Statement of Total Return.

#### (d) Basis of valuation of investments

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the financial year end date. The quoted market price used for investments held by the Sub-Fund is the last traded market price for both financial assets and financial liabilities where the last traded price falls within the bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager will determine the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value.

#### (e) Foreign currency translation

#### (i) Functional and presentation currency

The performance of the Sub-Fund is measured and reported to the investors in the Singapore Dollar. The Manager considers the Singapore Dollar as the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Sub-Fund operates. The financial statements are presented in the Singapore Dollar, which is the Sub-Fund's functional and presentation currency.

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

- 2 Significant accounting policies (continued)
- (e) Foreign currency translation (continued)
- (ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Statement of Total Return. Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities are also recognised in the Statement of Total Return within "Net gains/losses on investments".

# (f) Receivables

Receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Receivables are initially recognised at their fair value and subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less accumulated impairment losses.

# (g) Sales and purchases awaiting settlement

Sales and purchases awaiting settlement represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet settled or delivered on the Statement of Financial Position date respectively. These amounts are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

#### (h) Cash and bank balances

Cash and bank balances comprise cash at banks which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

# (i) Payables

Payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

# 2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

# (j) Financial derivatives

Financial derivatives including forwards and swaps may be entered into for the purposes of efficient portfolio management, tactical asset allocation or specific hedging of financial assets held as determined by the Manager and in accordance with the provision of the Trust Deed and the Code on Collective Investment Schemes.

Financial derivatives outstanding on the financial year end date are valued at the forward rate or at the current market prices using the "mark-to-market" method, as applicable, and the resultant gains and losses are taken up in the Statement of Total Return.

# (k) Distributions

The Manager has the absolute discretion to determine whether a distribution is to be made. In such an event, an appropriate amount will be transferred to a distribution account, to be paid out on the distribution date. The amount shall not be treated as part of the property of the Sub-Fund. Distributions are accrued for at the financial year end date if the necessary approvals have been obtained and a legal or constructive obligation has been created.

# (I) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Sub-Fund or the counterparty.

Cash collateral provided by the Sub-Fund is identified in the Statement of Financial Position as margin cash and is not included as a component of cash and bank balances.

#### 3 Income tax

United SSE 50 China ETF		
2022	2021	
\$	\$	
58,877	65,542	

Overseas income tax

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

#### 3 Income tax (continued)

The Sub-Fund has been approved by the Monetary Authority of Singapore under the Enhanced-Tier Fund ("ETF") Scheme (section 13U of the Income Tax Act 1947 and the relevant regulations). Subject to certain conditions being met on an annual basis, the Sub-Fund may enjoy Singapore corporate income tax exemption on "specified income" derived from "designated investments" for the life of the Sub-Fund. The tax exemption does not apply in the year when the relevant conditions are not met. Losses from "designated investments" are correspondingly disregarded. The terms "specified income" and "designated investments" are defined in the relevant income tax regulations.

The trustee of the Sub-Fund has assessed and is satisfied that the Sub-Fund has met the requisite conditions under the ETF Scheme for the current financial year. The trustee of the Sub-Fund will also ensure that the Sub-Fund fulfills its reporting obligations under the ETF Scheme.

The overseas income tax represents tax withheld on foreign sourced income.

The Singapore Attorney General issued the Revised Edition of Acts 2020 effective 31 December 2021 which streamlined and renumbered various Acts, including for the Income Tax Act. The ETF scheme previously provided under section 13X of the Income Tax Act is now provided under section 13U of the Income Tax Act 1947.

### 4 Receivables

	United SSE 50	United SSE 50 China ETF	
	2022	2021	
	\$	\$	
Other receivables	7,450	28,347	

# 5 Payables

	United SSE 50 China ETF	
	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Amounts payable for cancellation of units	-	302,400
Amount due to the Manager	26,890	32,011
Amount due to Trustee	2,091	2,490
Other creditors and accrued expenses	42,759	40,497
	71,740	377,398

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

# 6 Financial derivatives at fair value

Financial derivatives contracts comprise of foreign currency contracts for the sale and purchase of foreign currencies. The contract or underlying principal amounts of these financial derivatives and their corresponding gross positive or negative fair values at the financial year end date are analysed below.

	Unite	United SSE 50 China ETF 2022		
	Contract or underlying principal amount \$	Positive fair value \$	Negative fair value \$	
Foreign currency contracts	56,870	-	85	
		2021		
	Contract or underlying principal amount \$	Positive fair value \$	Negative fair value \$	
Foreign currency contracts	40,635	-	8	

# 7 Units in issue

During the financial years ended 30 June 2022 and 2021, the numbers of units issued, redeemed and outstanding were as follows:

	United SSE 50 China ETF	
	2022	2021
Units at the beginning of the financial year	9,452,000	10,052,000
Units created	300,000	400,000
Units cancelled		(1,000,000)
Units at the end of the financial year	9,752,000	9,452,000
	\$	\$
Net assets attributable to unitholders	25,831,858	28,479,649
Net assets value per unit	2.648	3.013

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

#### 7 Units in issue (continued)

A reconciliation of the net assets attributable to unitholders per unit per the financial statements and the net assets attributable to unitholders per unit for issuing/redeeming units at the financial year end date is prepared below:

United SSE 50 China ETF

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Net assets attributable to unitholders per financial statements per unit Effect of movement in the net asset value between the last dealing	2.648	3.013
date and the end of the reporting period*	(0.048)	(0.014)
Net assets attributable to unitholders for issuing/redeeming per unit	2.600	2.999

<sup>\*</sup> The net asset value for the purpose of processing unit subscription and redemption was established in accordance with the methodology indicated in the Sub-Fund's Prospectus. This Item reflects the movement in net asset value between such date and the end of the financial year.

### 8 Financial risk management

The Sub-Fund's activities expose it to a variety of market risk (including foreign exchange risk, price risk and interest rate risk), liquidity risk and credit risk. The Sub-Fund's overall risk management programme seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Sub-Fund's financial performance. The Sub-Fund may use financial futures contracts, financial options contracts and/or foreign currency contracts subject to the terms of the Trust Deed to moderate certain risk exposures. Specific guidelines on exposures to individual securities and certain industries are in place for the Sub-Fund at any time as part of the overall financial risk management to reduce the Sub-Fund's risk exposures.

The Sub-Fund's assets principally consist of investments in equity investments and cash. They are held in accordance with the published investment policies of the Sub-Fund. The allocation of assets between the various types of investments is determined by the Manager to achieve its investment objectives.

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

8 Financial risk management (continued)

# (a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss arising from uncertainty concerning movements in market prices and rates, including observable variables such as interest rates, credit spreads, exchange rates, and others that may be only indirectly observable such as volatilities and correlations. Market risk includes such factors as changes in economic environment, consumption pattern and investor's expectation etc. which may have significant impact on the value of the investments. The Sub-Fund's investments are substantially dependent on changes in market prices and are monitored by the Manager on a regular basis so as to assess changes in fundamentals and valuation. Although the Manager makes reasonable efforts in the choice of investments, events beyond reasonable control of the Manager could affect the prices of the underlying investments and hence the asset value of the Sub-Fund. Guidelines are set to reduce the Sub-Fund's risk exposures to market volatility such as diversifying the portfolio by investing across various industries, alternatively, the Sub-Fund may be hedged using derivative strategies.

# (i) Foreign exchange risk

The Sub-Fund has monetary financial assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the Singapore Dollar and it may be affected favourably or unfavourably by exchange rate regulations or changes in the exchange rates between the Singapore Dollar and such other currencies. The Manager may at his discretion, implement a currency management strategy either to reduce currency volatility or to hedge the currency exposures of the Sub-Fund.

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

- 8 Financial risk management (continued)
- (a) Market risk (continued)
- (i) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

The table below summarises the Sub-Fund's exposures to foreign currencies at the end of the financial year.

# United SSE 50 China ETF

# As at 30 June 2022

, 10 41 00 04110 2022				
	RMB	SGD	USD	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Assets				
Portfolio of investments	25,620,585	-	-	25,620,585
Receivables	-	7,450	-	7,450
Cash and bank balances	58,631	165,901	51,116	275,648
Total Assets	25,679,216	173,351	51,116	25,903,683
Liabilities				
Payables		71,740	<u> </u>	71,740
Total Liabilities	<del>-</del>	71,740	<u> </u>	71,740
Net Assets	25,679,216	101,611	51,116	
Foreign currency contracts	(50.070)	50.070		
(notional value)	(56,870)	56,870		
Net currency exposure	25,622,346	158,481	51,116	

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

- 8 Financial risk management (continued)
- (a) Market risk (continued)
- (i) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

United SSE 50 China ETF

As at 30 June 2021				
	RMB	SGD	USD	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Assets				
Portfolio of investments	28,384,245	-	-	28,384,245
Receivables	-	28,347	-	28,347
Cash and bank balances	73,692	321,463	8,766	403,921
Margin accounts			40,542	40,542
Total Assets	28,457,937	349,810	49,308	28,857,055
Liabilities				
Payables		377,398		377,398
Total Liabilities		377,398		377,398
Net Assets	28,457,937	(27,588)	49,308	
Foreign currency contracts				
(notional value)	(40,635)	40,635		
Net currency exposure	28,417,302	13,047	49,308	

Investments, which is the significant item in the Statement of Financial Position, is exposed to foreign exchange risk and other price risk. Other price risk sensitivity analysis includes the impact of foreign exchange risk on non-monetary investments. The Sub-Fund's net financial assets comprise significantly of non-monetary investments, hence foreign exchange risk sensitivity analysis has not been presented on the remaining financial assets.

#### (ii) Price risk

The COVID-19 pandemic continues to evolve and develop. The situation is dynamic with various cities and countries around the world responding in different ways to address the pandemic. As a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, global financial markets have experienced significant volatility. Given the extent of the crisis, it is difficult to estimate the impact or duration of the volatility on the portfolio of the Sub-Fund. The Manager is closely monitoring the development of the COVID-19 pandemic and its related impact.

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

- 8 Financial risk management (continued)
- (a) Market risk (continued)
- (ii) Price risk (continued)

Price risk is the risk of potential adverse changes to the value of financial investments because of changes in market conditions and volatility in security prices. The Sub-Fund is designated to track the performance of the SSE 50 Index, therefore the exposure to price risk in the Sub-Fund will be substantially the same as the SSE 50 Index. As an exchange traded fund, the Manager manages the Sub-Fund's exposure to price risk by ensuring the key characteristics of the portfolio, such as security weight and industry weight, is closely aligned to the SSE 50 Index characteristics.

	2022		2021	
Benchmark component	Volatility %	Net impact to net assets attributable to unitholders \$	Volatility %	Net impact to net assets attributable to unitholders \$
United SSE 50 China ETF				
SSE 50 Index	20	4,869,989	20	5,709,336

#### (iii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates

Investment funds that invest in equity securities may be subject to interest rate risk as any interest rate change may affect the equity risk premium though at varying degrees. To manage this risk, the Manager analyses how interest rate changes may affect different industries and securities and then seeks to adjust the Sub-Fund's portfolio investments accordingly. However, the effects of changes in interest rates in the Sub-Fund's portfolio may not be quantified as the relationship between the interest rates and the value of equity securities is indirect.

Other than cash and bank balances and margin accounts which are at short term market interest rates, and therefore subject to insignificant interest rate risk, the Sub-Fund's financial assets and liabilities are largely non-interest bearing.

Hence, no sensitivity analysis has been presented separately.

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

# 8 Financial risk management (continued)

# (b) Liquidity risk

The Sub-Fund is exposed to daily cash redemptions and disbursements for the settlements of purchases. The Manager therefore ensures that the Sub-Fund maintains sufficient cash and bank balances and that it is able to obtain cash from the sale of investments held to meet its liquidity requirements. Reasonable efforts will be taken to invest in securities which are traded in a relatively active market and which can be readily disposed of.

The Sub-Fund's investments in quoted securities are considered to be readily realisable as they are quoted on established regional stock exchanges.

The Manager may from time to time employ derivatives to implement a portfolio strategy to reduce risk or for the purpose of efficient portfolio management. Market liquidity of complex derivatives are significantly less than traditional investment instruments and such positions may therefore require a longer time to reverse than would typically be expected for traditional investment instruments.

The tables below analyse the Sub-Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the financial year end to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the tables are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

	Unite	d SSE 50 China	ETF	
	Less than 3 months	3 months to 1 year	Over 1 year	
	\$	\$	\$	
As at 30 June 2022				
Payables	71,740	-		-
Financial derivatives at fair value				
- Foreign currency contracts	85	-		-
	Less than 3 months	3 months to 1 year	Over 1 year	
	\$	s year	s \$	
As at 30 June 2021	φ	Ψ	Ψ	
Payables	377,398	-		-
Financial derivatives at fair value				
- Foreign currency contracts	8	-		-

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

# 8 Financial risk management (continued)

# (b) Liquidity risk (continued)

The tables below analyse the Sub-Fund's derivatives financial instruments in a loss position that will be settled on a gross basis into relevant maturity groups based on the remaining period at the Statement of Financial Position date to the contractual maturity date.

	United	d SSE 50 China	ETF	
	Less than 3 months	3 months to 1 year	Over 1 year	
	\$	\$	\$	
As at 30 June 2022				
Financial derivatives at fair value				
- Foreign currency contracts				
- inflow	56,870	-	-	
- outflow	(56,955)	-	-	
	Less than 3 months	3 months to 1 year	Over 1 year	
	\$	\$	\$	
As at 30 June 2021				
Financial derivatives at fair value				
<ul> <li>Foreign currency contracts</li> </ul>				
- inflow	40,635	-	-	
- outflow	(40,643)	-	-	

# (c) Credit risk

The Sub-Fund takes on exposure to credit risk, which is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay amounts in full when due. The Sub-Fund's credit risk is concentrated on cash and bank balances and amounts or securities receivable on the sale and purchase of investments respectively. In order to mitigate exposure to credit risk, all transactions in listed securities are settled/paid for upon delivery and transacted with approved counterparties using an approved list of brokers that is regularly assessed and updated by the Manager.

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

## 8 Financial risk management (continued)

# (c) Credit risk (continued)

The table below summarises the credit rating of banks and custodians in which the Sub-Fund's assets are held as at 30 June 2022 and 2021.

The credit ratings are based on the Viability ratings published by Fitch.

## United SSE 50 China ETF

	Credit rating as at 30 June 2022	Credit rating as at 30 June 2021
Bank and custodian		
State Street Bank and Trust Company	aa-	aa-
Margin accounts		
StoneX Financial Pte.Ltd.	n/a*	non-rated
Counterparty of foreign currency contracts		
State Street Bank and Trust Company	aa-	aa-

<sup>\*</sup> The Sub-Fund has no exposure to the counterparty as at 30 June 2022.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the financial year end date is the carrying amount of the portfolio of investments, cash and bank balances and margin accounts as presented in Statement of Financial Position.

For purposes of impairment assessment, the Sub-Fund's assets which are measured at amortised cost are considered to have low credit risk as they are not due for payment at the end of the reporting period and there has been no significant increase in the risk of default on the receivables since initial recognition. Accordingly, for the purpose of impairment assessment for these receivables, the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses ("ECL"). The ECL for these assets as at the end of the reporting period is not significant.

## (d) Capital management

The Sub-Fund's capital is represented by the net assets attributable to unitholders. The Sub-Fund strives to invest the subscriptions of redeemable participating units in investments that meet the Sub-Fund's investment objectives while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet unitholder redemptions.

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

8 Financial risk management (continued)

## (e) Fair value estimation

The Sub-Fund classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (Level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

## 8 Financial risk management (continued)

# (e) Fair value estimation (continued)

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy, the Sub-Fund's financial assets and liabilities (by class) measured at fair value at 30 June 2022 and 2021:

	United SSE 50 China ETF			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
As at 30 June 2022 Assets Portfolio of investments - Quoted equities	25,620,585			25,620,585
Total	25,620,585	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	25,620,585
Liabilities Financial derivatives at fair value Total		85 85	<u>-</u>	8 <u>5</u> 8 <u>5</u>
	Level 1 \$	Level 2 \$	Level 3 \$	Total \$
As at 30 June 2021 Assets Portfolio of investments				
- Quoted equities	28,384,245	<u>-</u>		28,384,245
Total	28,384,245	<u> </u>		28,384,245
Liabilities				
Financial derivatives at fair value		8	<u>-</u> .	8
Total		8	<u>-</u>	8

Investments whose values are based on quoted market prices in active markets, and therefore classified within Level 1, comprise of listed equities. The Sub-Fund does not adjust the quoted price for these instruments

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are not considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within Level 2. These include over-the-counter derivatives.

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

# 8 Financial risk management (continued)

## (e) Fair value estimation (continued)

Except for cash and bank balances and margin accounts which are classified as Level 1, the Sub-Fund's assets and liabilities not measured at fair value at 30 June 2022 and 2021 have been classified as Level 2. The carrying amounts of these assets and liabilities approximate their fair values as at the financial year end date.

# (f) Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The gross and net positions of financial assets and liabilities that have been offset in the Statement of Financial Position are disclosed in the first three columns of the table below.

## United SSE 50 China ETF

Financial liabilities	Effects of offsetting on the Statement of Financial Position		Related amounts not offset		t offset	
	Gross amounts of financial liabilities	Gross amounts set off in the Statement of Financial Position	Net amount of financial liabilities presented in the Statement of Financial Position	Financial instruments	Collateral pledged/ received	Net amount
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
30 June 2022 Derivative financial instruments Total	85 85		85 85			85 85
30 June 2021 Derivative financial instruments Total	8	<u>-</u>	8 8	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	8 8

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

## 9 Related party transactions

(a) The Manager and the Trustee of the Sub-Fund are UOB Asset Management Ltd and State Street Trust (SG) Limited, respectively. The Manager is a subsidiary of United Overseas Bank Limited while the Trustee is a subsidiary of State Street Bank and Trust Company.

Management fee is paid to the Manager for the financial year. Trustee fee is paid to the Trustee and custody fee is paid to State Street Bank and Trust Company, Singapore Branch.

These fees paid or payable by the Sub-Fund shown in the Statement of Total Return and in the respective Notes to the Financial Statements are on terms set out in the Trust Deed. All other related party transactions are shown elsewhere in the financial statements.

(b) As at the end of the financial year, the Sub-Fund maintained the following accounts with the related parties:

	United SSE 50 China ETF	
	<b>2022</b> 20	
	\$	\$
State Street Bank and Trust Company, Singapore Branch		
Cash and bank balances	275,648	403,921

(c) The following transactions took place during the financial year between the Sub-Fund and related parties at terms agreed between the parties:

	United SSE 5 2022 \$	<b>60 China ETF</b> 2021 \$
State Street Bank and Trust Company, Singapore Branch Interest income	6	-
United Overseas Bank Limited Bank charges	34	_

For the financial year ended 30 June 2022

# 10 Financial ratios

	United SSE 50 China ETF		
	2022	2021	
	\$	\$	
Total operating expenses	295,150	260,166	
Average daily net assets value	26,363,837	27,731,707	
Expense ratio <sup>1</sup>	1.12%	0.94%	
Lower of total value of purchases or sales	3,738,192	6,453,754	
Average daily net assets value	26,363,837	27,731,707	
Turnover ratio <sup>2</sup>	14.18%	23.27%	

The expense ratio has been computed based on the guidelines laid down by the Investment Management Association of Singapore ("IMAS"). The calculation of the Sub-Fund's expense ratio at financial year end was based on total operating expenses divided by the average net assets value respectively for the financial year. The total operating expenses do not include (where applicable) brokerage and other transactions costs, performance fee, interest expense, distribution paid out to unitholders, foreign exchange gains/losses, front or back end loads arising from the purchase or sale of other funds and tax deducted at source or arising out of income received. The Sub-Fund does not pay any performance fee. The average net assets value is based on the daily balances.

The portfolio turnover ratio is calculated in accordance with the formula stated in the Code on Collective Investment Schemes.
The calculation of the portfolio turnover ratio was based on the lower of the total value of purchases or sales of the underlying investments divided by the average daily net assets value.



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